

Journal of the ISTE Special Interest Group for Logo-Using Educators

AAA LOGO AAA EXCHANGE

December 1989

Volume 8 Number 4

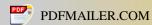
Children make snowmen with snowflakes in winter time. Children think making a snowman is fun.



International Society for Technology in Education



Publications



LOGO EXCHANGE

Journal of the ISTE Special Interest Group for Logo-Using Educators

December 1989

Volume 8 Number 4	Journal of the 131E
Founding Editor Tom Lough	
Editor-In-Chief Sharon Yoder	
International Editor Dennis Harper	
International Field Editors Jeff Richardson Jun-ichi Yamamahi Harry Pinxteren Fatimata Seye Sylla Jose Armando Valente Hillel Weintraub	
Contributing Editors Eadle Adamson Gina Bull Glen Bull Doug Clements Sandy Dawson Dorothy Fitch Judi Harris	
International Society for Tecl Anna Best, Managing Edi Vincent Elizabeth Fain, A Dave Moursund, CEO Mark Homey, SIG Coord Cathy Gum, PageMaker I	itor dvertising inator
SIGLogo Board of Directors Gary Stager, President Lora Friedman, Vice-Presi Beverly and Lee Cunningl Frank Matthews, Treasure	nam, Communications
Publisher International Society for T	echnology in Education
Advertising space in each issue Please contact the Advertising M	
Logo Exchange is the journal of Technology in Education Speciusing Educators (SIGLogo), puthrough May by ISTE, Univer- Street, Eugene, OR 97403-9905	the International Society for ial Interest Group for Logo- iblished monthly September sity of Oregon, 1787 Agate
POSTMASTER: Send address UofO, 1787 Agate St., Eugene	

Contents	
From the Editor — Happy Holidays Sharon Yoder	2
Monthly Musings — ST, HT Tom Lough	4
Logo Ideas — Time, Numbers, and Other Things Eadie Adamson	5
A Primary Instant Program Leads to Theme Booklets Glenda Bentz	9
Beginner's Corner — Holiday Wrappings Dorothy Fitch	11
Cooperative Creations Jandy Bird	14
LogoLinX — Turtle Out of Bounds: Terrapins Off-Screen Judi Harris	16
MathWorlds — Clime Report: A Problem, a Plea, and Some Activites Igor Charischak, Bob Jensen & Richard Binswanger	18
Logo & Company — Sight and Sound: The Next Decade Part I, The Sounds of Tomorrow Glen Bull, Gina Bull	21
A New Primitive for Logowriter Charles Crume	25
Centering on Logo — The 1989 International Computer Solving Contest: Junior Logo Results Donald Piele and Sharon Yoder	27
Search and Research — Recurrent Recursion Misconception Douglas H. Clements	ns 31

ISTE Basic Membership	A T	
(8 issues of Update and Ti	dilak kaci di merekih di kecamatan	
	U.S.	Non-U.S.
1 year membership	28.50	36.00
SIGLogo Membership (in	cludes The Logo	Exchange)
7	U.S.	Non-U.S.
ISTE Member Price	25.00	30.00
Non-ISTE Member Price	30.00	35.00

postage paid at Bugene OR. USPS #000-554.

Send membership dues to ISTE. Add \$2.50 for processing if payment does not accompany your dues. VISA and Mastercard accepted. Add \$18.00 for airmail shipping.

© All papers and programs are copyrighted by ISTE unless otherwise specified. Pennission for republication of programs or papers must first be gained from ISTE c/o Talbot Bielefelt.

Opinions expressed in this publication are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect or represent the official policy of ISTE.

Page 25

if phrase such as "Logo Exchange" requires 25,000 bytes of storage on average, it would be possible to store 4 phrases on an Apple II disk and 10,000 phrases on the NeXT disk.

Computer	Price	Bytes Storage	Phrases
Apple II	\$1500	100,000	4
NeXT	\$6000	250,000,000	10,000

In short, digitized speech is a practical tool on the NeXT computer. When these capabilities become standard in the classroom, it will be possible to use digitized speech and sounds to accompany text.

Summary

As we enter the next decade it is evident that Rod Scrling's "dimension of sound" will enter the classroom. In next month's column at the beginning of the new year and new decade we will consider the dimension of sight in "Part II: Visions of the 90's."

Glen and Gina Bull
Curry School of Education
Ruffner Hall
University of Virginia
Charlottesville, VA 22903

BITNET addresses:
Glen: LB2B@ VIRGINIA. Gina: RLBOP@VIRGINIA.

A New Primitive for LogoWriter

by Charles E. Crume, B.S

The Logo computer language differs from many other computer languages in that it provides the capability to work with words and lists. (A word is defined to as one or more characters with no intervening spaces and a list is defined as one or more words with intervening spaces.) Logo words and lists are dynamic entities — the number of elements they contain can change throughout the execution of a program.

To facilitate working with words and lists, Logo provides primitives such as FIRST, BUTFIRST, LAST, BUTLAST, and ITEM. As we will see, the primitives BUTFIRST and BUTLAST perform the opposite function of FIRST and LAST RESPECTIVELY. Most versions of Logo, however—including LogoWriter—do not provide a primitive to perform the opposite of ITEM (a function I often need). Therefore, I decided to write such a primitive. The procedure is called BUTITEM. The code for this primitive and an example program using it are shown at the end of this article. Before presenting BUTITEM however, a review of the primitives FIRST, BUTFIRST, LAST, BUTLAST, and ITEM might be helpful.

The primitive FIRST reports the first element of its input. For example, the command:

PRINT FIRST [THE WEATHER IS FINE TODAY]

prints the word

THE

In instances where everything except the first element of the input is needed, the primitive BUTFIRST is used. For example, the command:

PRINT BUTFIRST [THE WEATHER IS FINE TODAY]

prints the list

[WEATHER IS FINE TODAY]

Sometimes however, the last element instead of the first element is needed. In such a case the primitive LAST is be used. For example, the command:

PRINT LAST [THE WEATHER IS FINE TODAY]

Page 26

-Logo Exchange ---

December 1989

A New Primitive for LogoWriter--continued

prints the word

TODAY

Just as the opposite of FIRST is BUTFIRST, the opposite of LAST is BUTLAST. To report everything except the last element of the input the primitive BUTLAST is used. For example, the command:

PRINT BUTLAST [THE WEATHER IS FINE TO-DAY]

prints the list

[THE WEATHER IS FINE]

In addition to these four primitives, Logo also provides the primitive ITEM (which reports any specific element contained in a word or list). For example, the command:

PRINT ITEM 3 [THE WEATHER IS FINE TODAY]

prints the word

IS

and the command:

PRINT ITEM 4 [THE WEATHER IS FINE TODAY]

prints the word

FINE

As mentioned earlier in this article, most versions of Logo do not provide a primitive that performs the opposite of ITEM. Thus, a procedure that reports everything except the specified item was developed. The procedure is called BUTTTEM and the code is shown below:

```
TO BUTITEM :MYLIST

IFELSE :MYITEM = 1 [OUTPUT BUTFIRST
:MYLIST] [OUTPUT SENTENCE FIRST
:MYLIST BUTITEM :MYITEM - 1 BUT-
FIRST :MYLIST]

END
```

The procedure BUTITEM takes two inputs. The first input is a positive integer specifying which element is to be

removed. The second input is the word or list to be processed. For example, the command:

PRINT BUTITEM 3 [THE WEATHER IS FINE TODAY]

prints the list

[THE WEATHER FINE TODAY]

The following Logo program demonstrates how one could make use of the BUTITEM procedure:

TO DEMO
MAKE "PEOPLE [MOM DAD BROTHER SISTER
AUNT UNCLE]
DISPLAY :PEOPLE
END

TO DISPLAY:X
IF EMPTY?:X [STOP]
MAKE "I (RANDOM COUNT:X) + 1
PRINT ITEM:I:X
DISPLAY BUTITEM:I:X
END

The above program will display the various people in a random order each time the program is executed.

Additional information on this and other Logo topics can be found in *Computer Science Logo Style*, *Volume 1: Intermediate Programming*, written by Brian Harvey, and published by the MIT Press.

Charles E. Crume, B.S.
Technical Consultant
University of Nevada System Computing Services
University of Nevada Reno